

2016

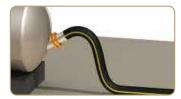
# Special care for installation of hose assemblies.

#### **Incorrect**



Never use hose unsupported

Incorrect

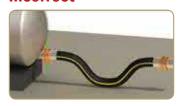


**Incorrect** 



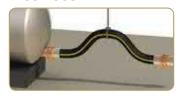
Protect against sharp edges, quay edges. Ship's guard rail etc.

# **Incorrect**



Never use hose unsupported

# **Incorrect**



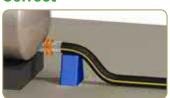
Never support hose with single rope

# Incorrect



Never overbend hose or allow hose to hang between quay and ship

#### **Correct**

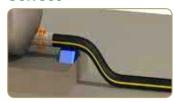


**Correct** 



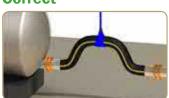
Always support hose near coupling

### **Correct**



Acceptable

#### **Correct**



Support hose with slings where appropriate

#### **Correct**



Support hose with slings



Special care for installation of hose assemblies.

# 2016

# **Incorrect**



# Correct



**Incorrect** 



**Correct** 



**Incorrect** 



**Correct** 



**Incorrect** 



**Correct** 





Special care for installation of hose assemblies.

# 2016

# **Incorrect**



# Correct



**Incorrect** 



**Correct** 



**Incorrect** 



**Correct** 



**Incorrect** 



Correct

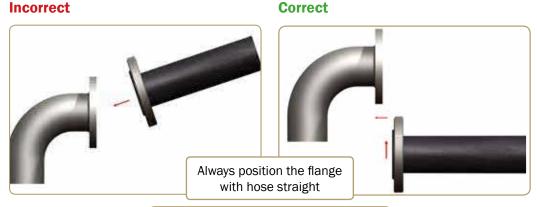




Special care for installation of hose assemblies (diameter above 100 mm).

2016

#### **Incorrect**

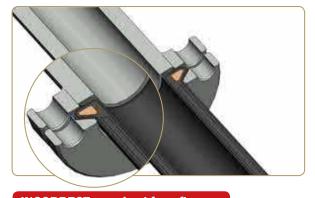




Special care for END-FLEX ends.



**CORRECT** on flat-face flanges





**INCORRECT on raised-face flanges** 

**CORRECT** on raised-face flanges with carbon fibre gasket



2016

Special care for installation of hose assemblies (diameter above 100 mm).

# **Incorrect**



### **Correct**



# **Incorrect**



# Correct



For transportation, installations or support in place, never use a single rope to lift hose.

Only slings in sufficient numbers depending of the hose lengths.

# Correct

For handling in straight length, a lifting beam must be used imperatively.

We recommend the use of slings (150 mm wide minimum).

Number of slings should be at least:

- 2 for length < 6 m
- 3 for length of 6 to 8 m
- 4 for length > 8 m





# The sensitivity of rubber to elements such as:

**★**0xygen **★**0zone **★Infrared Rays ★Ultraviolet rays ★Heat** 

requires storage to follow some simple rules in order to protect the product against accelerated aging.

The following guidelines are in accordance with the standard ISO8331-2016:

Rubber, composite and plastic hoses and hose assemblies guidelines for selection, storage, use and maintenance.

### Storage room

> The room where the product is stored should be cool, dry, dust free and ventilated but without drafts.

#### Storage time

>> The storage time should be minimized. FIFO management (first in - first out) is highly recommended.

#### **Temperature**

- ▶ The temperature should be as stable as possible and preferably between -10° C and +25° C.
- ▶ Below -10° C, caution should be taken when handling the product because it can become very rigid.

# **Heating**

▶ The hoses and hose assemblies must be kept at least 2 meter away from any heat source.

# **Humidity**

>> The relative humidity should be below 70%.

#### Light

> Items should be stored in a dark place, and protected from sunlight or any artificial light. (UV and IR).

#### **Ozone**

> The storage room must not contain ozone-producing equipments, such as lamps or mercury vapor tubes, high voltage electrical equipment, electric motors, etc ...

#### **Environment**

>> Solvents, fuels, lubricants, chemicals should not be kept in the same room as hoses.

#### **Method of storage**

- > Hoses and hose assemblies must lie unconstrained and piling shall be limited whenever possible.
- >> The original packaging must be kept on as long as possible, including caps protecting the ends of the hoses.